## Exercise 6

In Exercises 1-6, find the domain and range of each function.

$$
G(t)=\frac{2}{t^{2}-16}
$$

## Solution

The only requirement for a rational function is that the denominator cannot be zero.

$$
\begin{gathered}
t^{2}-16 \neq 0 \\
(t+4)(t-4) \neq 0 \\
t=\{-4,4\}
\end{gathered}
$$

As a result,

$$
\text { Domain: } \quad\{t \mid t \neq-4,4\} .
$$

When $t$ is slightly less than or greater than the values of $t$ above, the fraction is a really big positive or a really big negative number, respectively. The lowest value of $G$ is $-\infty$ and the highest value of $G$ is $\infty$. It might seem that $-\infty<y<\infty$; however, $G$ can never be zero because the numerator is 2 , a nonzero constant.

Range: $\{y \mid y \neq 0\}$


